

RAB17 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S219623

Product Name: Anti-RAB17 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms:

UNIPROT ID: Q9H0T7 (Gene Accession - NP_071894)

Background: The Rab subfamily of small GTPases plays an important role in the regulation of membrane trafficking. RAB17 is an epithelial cell-specific GTPase. The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human RAB17

Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 30-150;WB: 200-1000;ELISA: 1000-2000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

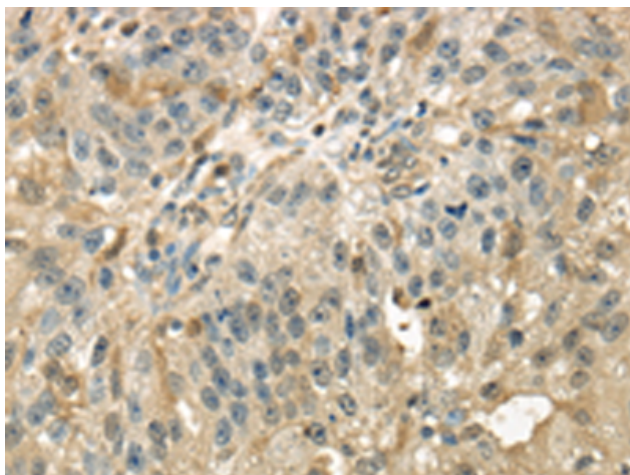
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse

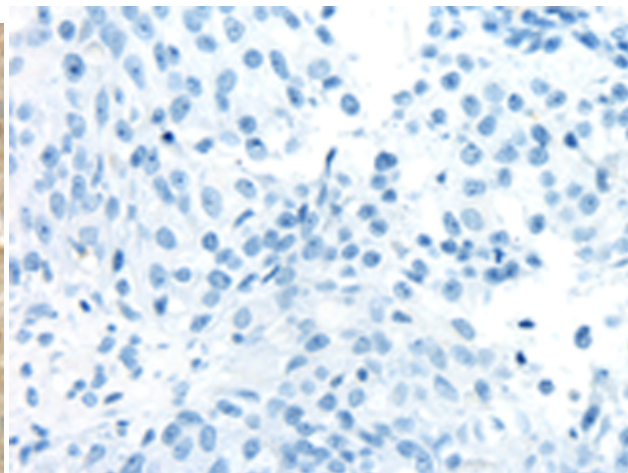
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction

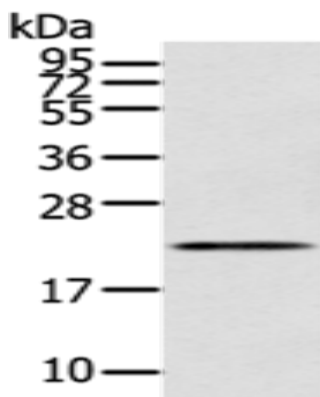
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human breast cancer tissue using 219623(RAB17 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40(Cell membrane).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 219623(Anti-RAB17 Antibody) at dilution 1/40.



Gel: 12%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g;
Lane: TM4 cells;
Primary antibody: 219623(RAB17 Antibody) at dilution 1/200;
Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution;
Exposure time: 20 seconds