

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

PRKAR2A RABBIT PAB

货号: S217696 产品全名: PRKAR2A 兔多抗 基因符号 PKR2; PRKAR2

UNIPROT ID: P13861 (Gene Accession - BC002763)

背景: cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphorylation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two regulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the regulatory subunits. This subunit can be phosphorylated by the activated catalytic subunit. It may interact with various A-kinase anchoring proteins and determine the subcellular localization of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. This subunit has been shown to regulate protein transport from endosomes to the Golgi apparatus and further to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER).

抗原: Fusion protein of human PRKAR2A

经过测试的应用: ELISA, IHC

推荐稀释比: IHC: 25-100; ELISA: 5000-10000

种属反应性: Rabbit

克隆性: Rabbit Polyclonal

亚型: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

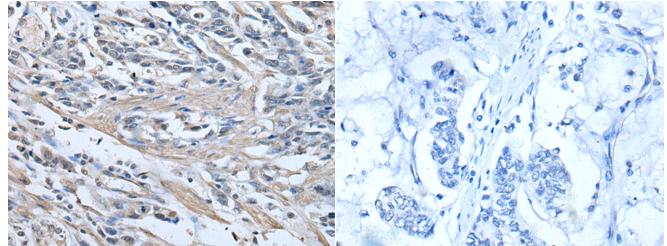
纯化:Antigen affinity purification

种属反应性: Human

成分: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

研究领域: Signal Transduction, Cancer, Metabolism

储存和运输: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human gastric cancer tissue using 217696(PRKAR2A Antibody) at a dilution of Human gastric cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein 1/30(Cytoplasm and Cell membrane). In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded and then with 217696(Anti-PRKAR2A Antibody) at dilution 1/30.