

## **Product Description**

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

## **GLP1R RABBIT PAB**

货号: S216534 产品全名: GLPIR 兔多抗

基因符号

UNIPROT ID: P43220 (Gene Accession - BC113493)

背景: The glucagon-like peptide I receptor (GLPIR) is a human gene which resides on chromosome 6.The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the glucagon receptor family of G protein-coupled receptors. GLPIR binds specifically the glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLPI) and has much lower affinity for related peptides such as the gastric inhibitory polypeptide and glucagon. GLPIR is known to be expressed in pancreatic beta cells. Activated GLPIR stimulates the adenylyl cyclase pathway which results in increased insulin synthesis and release of insulin. Consequently GLPIR has been suggested as a potential target for the treatment of diabetes.

抗原: Fusion protein of human GLPIR

经过测试的应用: ELISA, IHC

推荐稀释比: IHC: 25-100; ELISA: 2000-5000

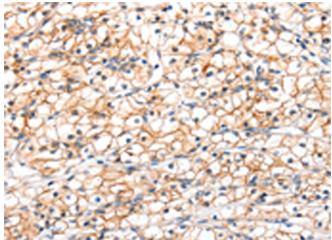
种属反应性: Rabbit 克隆性: Rabbit Polyclonal

亚型: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG 纯化: Antigen affinity purification 种属反应性: Human, Mouse, Rat

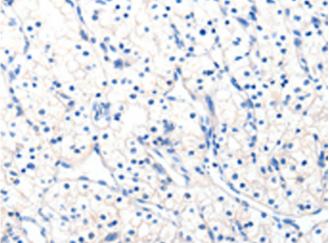
成分: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

研究领域: Neuroscience, Cardiovascular

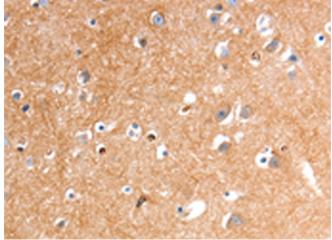
储存和运输: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



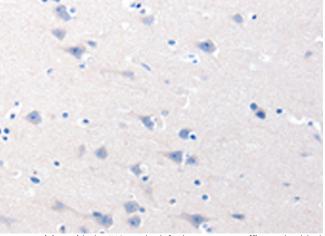
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human renal cancer tissue using 216534(GLPIR Antibody) at a dilution of 1/20(Cytoplasm, Cell membrane).



In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human renal cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 216534(Anti-GLPIR Antibody) at dilution 1/20.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human brain tissue using 216534(Anti-GLPIR Antibody) at a dilution of 1/20.



In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D220698(Anti-GLPIR Antibody) at dilution 1/20.



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