

DNAJC8 RABBIT PAB

货号: S221905

产品全名: DNAJC8 兔多抗

基因符号: SPF31; HSPC331

UNIPROT ID: O75937 (Gene Accession - NP_055095)

背景: The DnaJ family is one of the largest of all chaperone families and has evolved with diverse cellular localization and functions.

Presence of a J domain defines a protein as a member of the DnaJ family. DnaJ heat shock induced proteins are derived from Escherichia coli and are under the control of the htpR regulatory protein. DnaJ proteins play a critical role in the HSP 70 chaperone machine by interacting with HSP 70 to stimulate ATP hydrolysis. DnaJ proteins contain cysteine rich regions that are composed of zinc fingers, which form a peptide binding domain responsible for the chaperone function. DnaJ proteins are important mediators of proteolysis and are involved in the regulation of protein degradation, exocytosis and endocytosis. DnaJC8 (DnaJ (Hsp 40) homolog, subfamily C, member 8), also known as SPF31 or HSPC331, is a 253 amino acid protein that is suggested to have a potential role as a cochaperone in RNA processing-related processes.

抗原: Synthetic peptide of human DNAJC8

经过测试的应用: ELISA, IHC

推荐稀释比: IHC: 25-100; ELISA: 5000-10000

种属反应性: Rabbit

克隆性: Rabbit Polyclonal

亚型: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

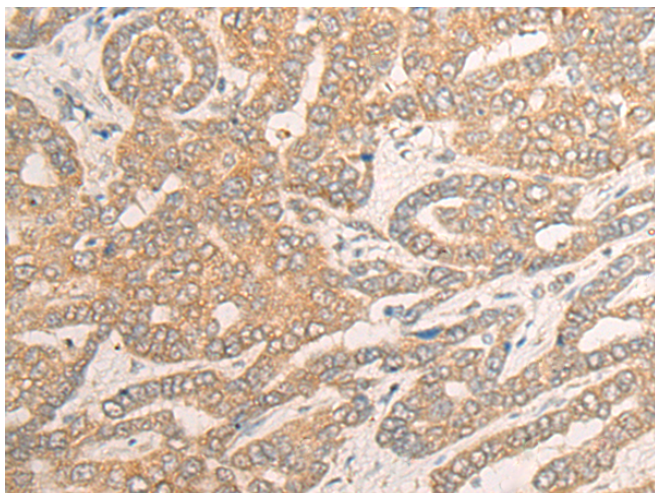
纯化: Antigen affinity purification

种属反应性: Human, Mouse, Rat

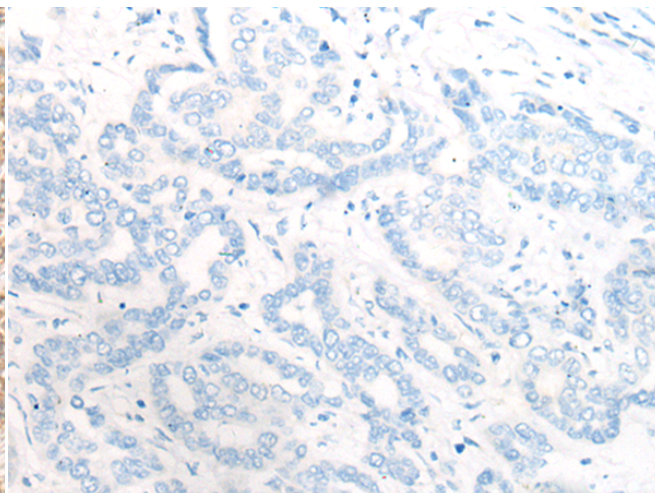
成分: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

研究领域: Signal Transduction, Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

储存和运输: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 221905 (DNAJC8 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/25 (Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 221905 (Anti-DNAJC8 Antibody) at dilution 1/25.