

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

DDI1 RABBIT PAB

货号: S218583 产品全名: DDII 兔多抗 基因符号

UNIPROT ID: Q8WTU0 (Gene Accession - BC022017)

背景: DDI1 and DDI2 are ubiquitin receptor homologs of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae ddi1 protein, which is involved in regulation of the cell cycle and the late secretory pathway. DDII is a 396 amino acid protein that contains one ubiquitin-like domain. The gene encoding DDII maps to human chromosome 11, which makes up around 4% of human genomic DNA and is considered a gene and disease association dense chromosome. The chromosome 11 encoded Atm gene is important for regulation of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis following double strand DNA breaks. Atm mutation leads to the disorder known as ataxia-telangiectasia. The blood disorders Sickle cell anemia and ? thalassemia are caused by HBB gene mutations. Wilms' tumors, WAGR syndrome and Denys-Drash syndrome are associated with mutations of the WTI gene. 抗原: Fusion protein of human DDI1

经过测试的应用: ELISA, IHC

推荐稀释比: IHC: 20-100; ELISA: 5000-10000

种属反应性: Rabbit

克隆性: Rabbit Polyclonal

亚型: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

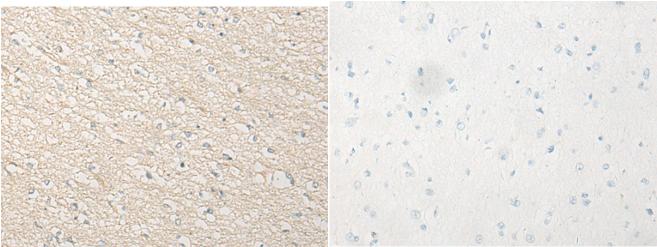
纯化: Antigen affinity purification

种属反应性: Human, Mouse, Rat

成分: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

研究领域: Cell Biology

储存和运输: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human brain tissue using 218583(DDI1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40(Cytoplasm).

In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 218583(Anti-DDI1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40.