

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

BAD RABBIT PAB

货号: S216251 产品全名: BAD 兔多抗 基因符号 BBC2; BCL2L8

UNIPROT ID: Q92934 (Gene Accession - BC001901)

背景: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.

抗原: Fusion protein of human BAD

经过测试的应用: ELISA, IHC

推荐稀释比: IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 1000-5000

种属反应性: Rabbit 克隆性: Rabbit Polyclonal

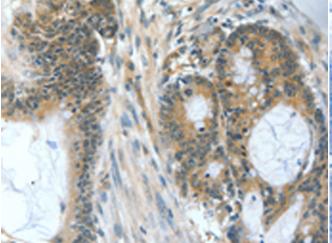
亚型: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG 纯化: Antigen affinity purification

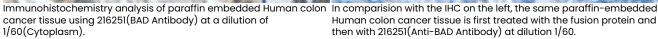
种属反应性: Human

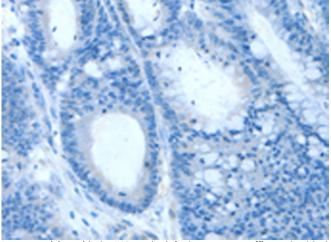
成分: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

研究领域: Cancer

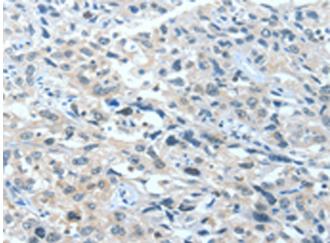
储存和运输: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



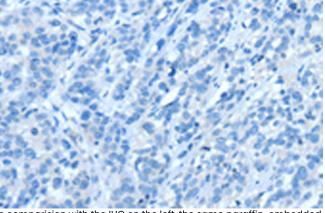




Human colon cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 216251 (Anti-BAD Antibody) at dilution 1/60.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using 216251(Anti-BAD Antibody) at a dilution of 1/60.



In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D220072(Anti-BAD Antibody) at dilution 1/60.



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